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JULIA E. CLARK

CANBY, OREGON

Graduate
School of Horticulture
for Women

MEMBER NATIONAL FARM & GARDEN ASSOCIATION

One of the Umbellatum Group (See page 13). A wide range of colors to brighten your garden.



Specializing
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SEVENTY VARIETIES OF HARDY LILIES

{Old Standbys and New Varieties}

To Bloom in your Garden from May until October

{With all Costs of Delivery in U. S. Postpaid}

PLEASE READ THIS

Every bulb I sell is grown on the western coast.

All shipments in the U. S. are prepaid to destination. If your express office is different from your postal station, kindly give both with your order.

I ship bulbs at the proper planting time. Sometimes this necessitates two and even three shipments to an order, which is an additional expense to me, but it guarantees you fresh bulbs. Lilies grow dormant **in the ground**, and should not lie **out of the ground** longer than possible, so please place your orders early and I will ship them direct from the field at the proper planting time. If you will be away from home, won't you please leave instructions for their planting, as I, too, am anxious that you have success.

Candidum, Testaceum and Muscari are dormant in late July or early August, according to the season. Please place your orders early—we ship in August. If you will be away from home, please leave instructions for some one to plant them upon arrival.

If interested in Muscari, I'll be glad to quote you.

With the exception of Giganteum Him. and Cordatum, every bulb I offer, even "flowering size", has already bloomed or budded to bloom. I disbud to allow the strength of the stalk to return to the bulb for blooming next season.

I am an advocate of fall planting of lily bulbs—I do not keep bulbs in cold storage, nor is it possible for me to mail a spring catalogue—bulbs begin growing here too early.

I do not sell wholesale as I have all I can do to take care of my retail orders.

Plant your lily bulbs upon arrival—it is so important for the sake of the future of the lily that it does not lie out of the ground long.

I have tried to give you an attractive catalogue, but in so doing to also be truthful in all my statements and descriptions, according to my experience with them. My greatest desire is to grow or secure for you in this vicinity, the very best bulbs possible to grow. I cannot guarantee them to grow in your garden, as your climate or your soil may not be suited to every variety I list, but I'm sure some of these varieties can be a success in your garden, and they are worth your trying. I guarantee all bulbs to be true to name and to reach you in good healthy condition. If there is any complaint, please make same upon receipt of shipment.

Please do not ask me to make shipments of any order for less than \$2.00 (seeds an exception).

For the past two years a number of the garden clubs have taken advantage of my special offer to garden clubs. If six or more of your members are interested, I'll be glad to make you this year's offer.

For this year only, I am offering the following:

If your order amounts to \$50.00, you may deduct 5%.

If your order amounts to \$150.00, you may deduct 10%.

If your order amounts to \$250.00, you may deduct 15%.

This does not include Estate Lily nor any special offers or collections, and is for orders only that are sent directly to me.

With the exception of my regular customers, if I do not hear from you after two years, I will take it for granted that you are not interested, and discontinue my catalogue.

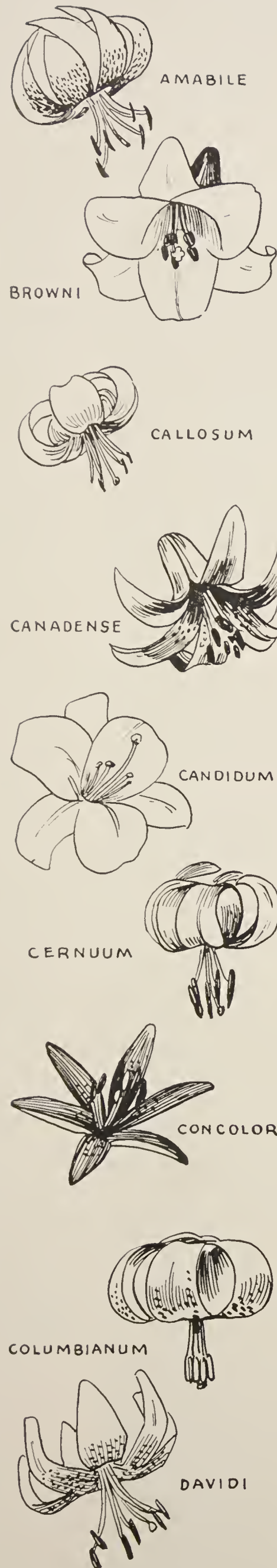
Where price of a single bulb is given, 3 bulbs will be 3 times the single bulb. Where 6 bulbs is the lowest listed, price of 3 will be 1/2 of 6.

General rules of culture will be sent with each shipment.

LIST OF VARIETIES

AURATUM PLATYPHYLLUM (Gold Band)—This is the easiest Auratum to grow, and I'm glad I can offer you strong, healthy bulbs, home grown, with good roots. The blossom is white, crimson spotted, with a central band of gold on each petal—large bowl shaped flowers, sweetly fragrant. Plant 8 to 10 inches in ordinary, well drained soil of deep leafmold. Soluble limestone is fatal to it and too much shade. Under favorable conditions, it will attain a height of 5 to 10 feet. Blooms August-September.

	Each	6	12	25	50	100
7-8 in. cir.	\$.50	\$2.60	\$5.00	\$9.85	\$19.50	\$37.95
8-9 in. cir. ....	.75	3.90	7.50	14.50	28.00	53.00
9-10 in. cir.	1.00	5.50	10.00	19.00	36.25	69.50





L. TENUIFOLIUM
(See page 12)

AURATUM TRICOLOR—This is the first time I have had the chance to offer this lily. It is similar to *Platyphyllum*, but the white flowers are only faintly spotted yellow—robust and beautiful. Same culture and same blooming period as *Platyphyllum*. Stock limited.

	Each	6	12
7-9 in. cir.	\$1.25	\$6.75	\$12.50

AMABILE—This lily is **early blooming**, and for that reason alone is quite valuable for your garden. It is a splendid rock garden lily or for low group planting. Its blossoms are waxy, bright orange scarlet. Height 1 to 2 ft. Blooms early June. Plant 4 inches deep in an open sunny location.

	6	12	25	50	100
Medium size bulbs	\$1.25	\$2.35	\$4.50	\$ 8.50	\$16.15
Large bulbs	1.75	3.35	6.45	12.50	24.20

BROWNI (True)—This is a wonderful lily. It is the true Browni, has a trumpet shaped blossom, marble white with emerald green throat, brown anthers, and so transparent in the sunshine that the purple of the reverse side blends beautifully with the green and brown tones of the inner surface. Height 2 ft. Blooms July. Plant 8 inches deep and lay bulb on its side. (Limited supply.)

	Each	6	12
6-7 in. cir.	\$1.50	\$8.00	\$15.00
7-8 in. cir.	2.00	10.50	20.00

BROWNI colchesteri—This lily somewhat resembles the True Browni, except that its fragrance is that of the cape jasmine, or gardenia. The exterior is a reddish-purple, the inside pale yellow changing to creamy white. Fragrant. Height 3 ft. Blooms July. Plant 5-6 inches deep on its side with a sunny location among very low shrubs. (Limited supply.)

	Each	6	12
6-7 in. cir.	\$1.50	\$8.00	\$15.00
7-8 in. cir.	2.00	10.50	20.00



HENRYI
(See page 10)

BULBIFERUM—This is another variety I have not offered before, although it is a well known and very dependable lily with cup shaped flowers of a rich orange red. It resembles *Croceum* and *Umbellatum* but can be distinguished by the bulblets produced in the axils of its upper leaves. Grows 3 to 4 ft.—blossoms July—plant 5-6 in. deep.

	6	12	25	50	100
3-5 in. cir.	\$1.85	\$3.50	\$6.75	\$13.00	\$25.00

CALLOSUM—Callosum has a slender wiry stalk, bearing 10 to 20 recurved blossoms of an interesting shade of light salmon. This little lily isn't as outstanding as the larger lilies, but it is very dainty, and its numerous blossoms will blend with any flower in your garden. Height 2 to 3 ft. Blossoms late July-August. Plant 4-6 inches deep in full sun. It will endure lime.

	6	12	25	50
	\$1.85	\$3.50	\$6.75	\$13.00

CANADENSE—One of the best of the Northeastern American lilies. Graceful bell shaped flowers on tall stems; easy to grow. Should be in the garden of every lily lover. Ht. 2 to 5 ft. Blossoms June-July. Plant 6 to 8 inches deep.

Var. flavum—Clear golden yellow, chocolate spotted within.

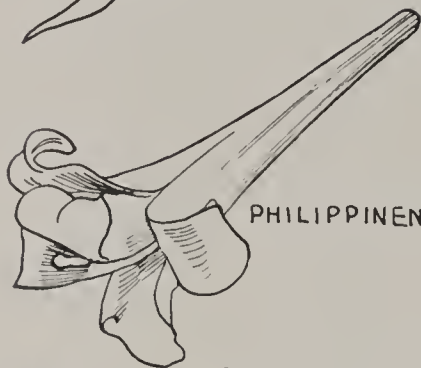
	6	12	25	50	100
1st size	\$1.75	\$3.35	\$6.45	\$12.50	\$24.10

Var. rubrum—Dark brick red, yellow throat, thickly spotted. (Limited stock.)

	6	12	25	50
1st size	\$2.60	\$5.00	\$9.85	\$19.50



PARRYI



PHILIPPINENSE



REGALE



SHUKSAN



SUPERBUM



SULPHUREUM



SUNSET



TENUIFOLIUM

CANDIDUM (Madonna Lily)—As I have said before, this is the lily our grandmothers loved and grew in their cottage gardens, and in spite of the popularity of the Regal lily, we still love the bell-shaped, pure white, dainty, fragrant Madonna. Unlike the other lilies, Candidum starts its growth early in the fall, producing a rosette of leaves during the winter—so plant this bulb **early** in a sunny location, apart from other lilies. Plant shallow, best about 1 inch above bulb, not over 2 inches. Prefers some lime. Poor location will do, but good garden soil preferred—and then let it alone. In spring, our experience has taught us, it is best to remove these fall grown leaves—they have served their purpose, and dying, are more apt to catch and transfer the brown leaf spot to the new spring foliage. Height 3-5 ft. Blooms June. We ship late August—order early.

	6	12	25	50	100
7-8 in. cir.	\$1.35	\$2.50	\$4.80	\$ 9.35	\$18.00
8-9 in. cir.	1.85	3.50	6.75	13.00	25.00
9-10 in. cir.	2.35	4.50	8.60	16.60	32.25
10-11 in. cir.	3.50	6.50	12.70	24.90	48.10
11-12 in. cir.	5.85	11.50	21.10	40.20	78.00
12 in. up	7.10	13.80	26.50	51.50	....

CERNUUM—This is a very dainty little lily—flowers pale pink to lilac, spotted wine color and delightfully fragrant, borne on slender rigid stems with grass-like foliage. Grows 12 to 18 inches and blooms in June. Like so many of these small lilies, the bulbs are small, too, so plant not more than 4 inches deep amongst low shrubs in exposed situation or at the foot of the rock garden.

	6	12	25	50	100
Flowering size	\$1.85	\$3.50	\$6.75	\$13.00	\$25.00
Large	2.60	5.00	9.85	19.50	37.95

CONCOLOR—This is one of the few lilies which holds its head right straight up towards the sun, and being a low grower, you can look into its bright face. I always think of it as the star lily, and love it for its glossy brilliant scarlet blooms, unspotted. It takes moderate loam with leaf mold and plenty of grit and sand for good drainage with a moist root run, and out in the sun. It will endure lime, grows 12 to 18 inches, blooms June. Plant 4 inches deep.

	6	12	25	50	100
	\$1.25	\$2.35	\$4.50	\$8.50	\$16.15

CORDATUM—A fine lily for the woodland, where it is worth cultivating for its foliage alone. In the early stages of its growth its leaves are stained a deep red, which in time changes to glossy green. Although it is distinct from *L. Giganteum* Him. and does not grow as tall, yet it should be treated similarly, planting it in partial shade (woodland for preference), so the top of the bulb is on a level with the surface. Cover in winter with bracken or old leaves, and it is best that it become established one year before it blooms. Height 4 to 5 ft. July flowering.

	6	12	25	50	100
	\$3.35	\$6.00	\$11.55	\$22.85	\$44.70

CROCEUM (True)—This is a first rate lily of splendid constitution, which will give a good account of itself in most soils and situations. It has cup shaped erect orange blossoms with a suffusion of red towards their tips, and its strong green foliage bears many blossoms. *Croceum* has a long life and the bulbs increase rapidly, so either separate them every three or four years or give them plenty of room to expand in ordinary good garden soil, in full sun. Plant them 4 to 6 inches deep. This lily, like the *Madonna*, is a glory of the cottage garden. Blooms June-July, grows 3 to 4 ft.

	6	12	25	50	100
7-9 in. cir.	\$3.50	\$6.50	\$12.70	\$24.90	\$48.10

DAURICUM (True)—The flowers of this lily are upright, varying from light orange to deep orange, flushed and spotted red. Height 1½ to 2 ft. Blooms May-June. Plant 5 inches deep in a sunny location with good drainage. Limited supply.

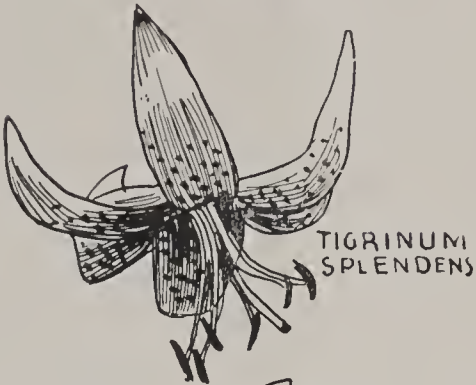
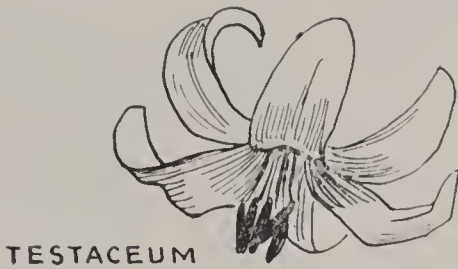
	6	12	25	50	100
4-6 inches	\$1.80	\$3.25	\$6.25	\$11.95	\$23.00

DAURICUM (Var. Batemanniae)—This is an upright flowering lily of rich apricot and graceful recurving petals. Will grow in partial shade or full sunshine—does well in an ordinary garden. Height 2 ft. Blooms July-August. Plant 6 inches deep.

	6	12	25	50	100
4-6 in. cir.	\$1.65	\$3.00	\$5.70	\$10.90	\$21.20
6 in. up	2.10	4.00	7.70	14.80	28.60

DAURICUM (Var. Luteum)—This is similar in type to the true *Dauricum*, but the color is a clear primrose yellow, spotted black. It is one of the finest of low growing lilies. Height 1½ to 2 feet. Blooms June. Plant 5 inches deep in sunny location with good drainage. I have a limited supply of these.

	6	12	25	50
4-6 in. cir.	\$3.90	\$7.50	\$14.50	\$28.00





L. SUNSET
(See page 12)

THE ELEGANS GROUP—This group of lilies has large upright cup-shaped flowers borne two to four on a stem, and they are adapted to rockery and border use, are excellent for cutting and are easily grown in pots. Plant 4 to 6 inches deep, sun or partial shade, in well drained soil. This list will give you a variety in shades of lemon-yellow and apricot on through light red to the very deepest blood-red.

Alice Wilson—Flowers clear lemon-yellow, sparsely spotted with black. One of the best Elegans. Height 12 to 18 inches. Blooms June-July.

	6	12	25	50	100
4-6 in. cir.	\$2.10	\$4.00	\$7.70	\$14.80	\$28.60

Aureum—This Elegans is tall with lustrous dark green foliage and flowers of a deep apricot, spotted mahogany. This variety is excellent for cutting. It is one of the latest of these lilies to bloom, July-August. Height 2-3 ft.

	6	12	25	50	100
4-5 in. cir.	\$1.50	\$2.85	\$5.40	\$10.40	\$20.00

Atrosanguineum—A dark blood-red form with crimson centre. Flowers slightly smaller than Alice Wilson but very striking. Height 15 to 18 in. Blooms June-July.

	6	12	25	50	100
4-6 in. cir.	\$2.10	\$4.00	\$7.70	\$14.80	\$28.60

Atropurpureum—Deep red shaded crimson, but not quite so dark a red as Atrosanguineum. Large flowers, splendid for bedding. Height 12 to 15 in. Blooms June.

	6	12	25	50	100
4-6 in. cir.	\$1.85	\$3.50	\$6.75	\$13.00	\$25.00

Kinbusen—Orange in middle and orange-red towards edge. Height 12 to 18 in.

	6	12	25	50	100
4-6 in. cir.	\$1.85	\$3.50	\$6.75	\$13.00	\$25.00

Mahony (Mahogany)—Very deep, dark crimson. Should be planted in partial shade. Height 12-18 inches. Blooms June. Plant 4-5 inches deep.

	6	12	25	50	100
4-6 in. cir.	\$1.85	\$3.50	\$6.75	\$13.00	\$25.00
6 in. up	2.35	4.50	8.60	16.60	....

Red Improved—This variety of Elegans is light red—a terra-cotta red. It is also tall growing for an Elegans, about 2 ft. Blooms June-July.

	6	12	25	50	100
4-6 in. cir.	\$1.50	\$2.85	\$5.40	\$10.40	\$20.00

FORMOSANUM (Price's Variety) **Early Blooming**—Long white trumpet blossoms with a slight pink tinge to the ribs externally. It is slender, graceful, dainty, fragrant. Although the flowers are 6 to 8 inches long, the stalk seldom grows higher than 12 to 18 inches, so is an excellent rock garden lily, providing it is not too dry and windy—and is fine for the front of your border. Blooms August. Plant 4 to 6 inches deep.

	6	12	25	50	100
4-5 in. cir.	\$1.50	\$2.85	\$5.40	\$10.40	\$20.00
5-6 in. cir.	1.85	3.50	6.75	13.00	25.00

FORMOSANUM (Wilson's Variety) **Late Blooming**—This is a tall lily for this variety, growing 2 to 3 ft., with long slender white trumpet blossoms, exterior ribs tinged pink. I highly recommend this for your garden, providing the frosts do not come too early. It blooms late September-October.

	6	12	25	50	100
4-5 in. cir.	\$1.50	\$2.85	\$5.40	\$10.40	\$20.00
5-6 in. cir.	1.85	3.50	6.75	13.00	25.00
6-7 in. cir.	2.25	4.35	8.45	16.20	31.00

GIGANTEUM HIMALAICUM—A giant among lilies. Under ordinarily favorable conditions, the spikes have grown 10 to 12 ft. The foliage is broad and dense in keeping with the height of the plant. The many flowers are tubular shaped, pure white tinged with purple inside and it loves the rich humus soil of a woodland where it will have plenty of shade away from the direct rays of the sun. A northern exposure protected from strong winds, or the shade of trees will suit it. It is best that this lily become established one year before it blooms in order to make new bulbs. This is its method of perpetuating itself. Therefore I am sending the size bulbs that will give correct growth for this lily. I can also give you a very limited number of 8-9 size that will bloom first season, if you wish them. Plant shallow, barely covering the top of the bulb with soil. June blooming.

	Each	Three
4-6 in., bloom 3rd season.....	\$2.10	\$6.00
6-8 in., bloom 2nd season.....	3.20	9.15
8-9 in., bloom 1st season.....	3.80	11.10

GRAYI—This is a native lily of Virginia and North Carolina. Somewhat resembles Canadense but with smaller funnel shaped orange-red blossoms densely spotted with brownish-purple. Blooms July. Plant 4 inches deep in a well drained soil, partial shade or full sunshine. Height 2 to 4 ft. The bulbs I am shipping are grown in Oregon nurseries.

	6	12	25	50	100
Flowering size	\$2.60	\$5.00	\$9.85	\$19.50	\$37.95
Large size	3.50	6.50	12.70	24.90	48.10

HANSONI—Of all the lilies this is probably one of the hardiest and most disease proof lilies in existence, doing well in almost any position, and any soil, even with lime—and it is long lived. Like all the other lilies, however, it repays you for good leafmold. The longer I grow it, the better I like these thick petaled golden nodding flowers in my garden. It is at its best in even more than half shade for its flowers. Height 3-4 ft. Blooms June. Plant 6-8 in. deep.

	6	12	25	50	100
6-7 in. cir.	\$2.50	\$4.85	\$9.35	\$18.40	\$35.95
7-8 in. cir.	3.50	6.50	12.70	24.90	48.10
8-9 in. cir.	3.95	7.65	14.85	29.10	56.10
9-10 in. cir.	4.50	8.75	17.10	33.85	66.00

HENRYI (The Golden Speciosum)—The blossoms of this lily are a soft golden yellow with a tinge of light green through the center. It is excellent for bouquets, opens readily in water from the largest to the tiniest bud, loves shade to intensify the golden yellow, and is not disturbed by mice. Your garden is not complete without a few Henryi. (Please remember that these are Oregon grown bulbs.) Height 5 to 9 ft. Blooms August-September. Plant 8 to 10 in. deep. (Illustrated page 5).

	6	12	25	50	100
6-7 in. cir.	\$1.25	\$2.35	\$4.50	\$ 8.50	\$16.15
7-8 in. cir.	1.50	2.85	5.40	10.40	20.00
8-9 in. cir.	2.10	4.00	7.70	14.80	28.60
9-10 in. cir.	2.50	4.85	9.35	18.40	35.95
10-11 in. cir.	3.35	6.00	11.55	22.85	44.70
11-12 in. cir.	4.15	8.15	15.80	30.90	60.15
12 in. up	5.65	10.85	20.95	41.10	....

JAPONICUM—One of the few pink lilies in cultivation. This is an exquisite trumpet-shaped lily varying from pale to deep pink, 6 inches or more in length, and fragrant. It grows 2 to 4 ft. and is best planted in a location protected from strong winds with partial shade and sharp drainage. Blooms in July. Plant 6 to 8 inches deep. Limited stock.

	6	12	25	50
4-6 in. cir.	\$2.50	\$4.85	\$9.35	\$18.40

MARTAGON—This is the purple Martagon—of easy culture in either sun or shade, but like some of the other lilies, it requires a year to establish itself. The stem carries a number of waxy light purple flowers, spotted with deep purple. Height 3-4 ft. June-July flowering. Plant 3-4 in. deep.

	6	12	25	50	100
4-5 in. cir.	\$2.85	\$5.50	\$10.65	\$20.60	\$40.20

MARTAGON Album—A dainty little turkscap white lily, with many blossoms up and down the stem, which grows 3 to 4 ft. tall. I'm glad to be able this year to secure Oregon grown bulbs of this variety for those who want a white lily in their garden. This is a lovely little lily, but the bulbs are very slow growing. Blooms June-July. Plant 4-5 in. deep.

	6	12	25	50	100
4-5 in. cir.	\$3.85	\$7.65	\$14.85	\$29.10	\$56.10
5-6 in. cir.	4.50	8.50	16.65	32.80	64.10

MAXWILL—This is a hybrid lily—a cross between Willmottiae and Maximowiczii. The foliage is similar to Willmottiae, but like Maximowiczii, it grows tall and has no running stem. It has a very strong constitution and will establish readily under ordinary garden culture. Plant 6 to 8 inches deep in sun or partial shade, in a well drained position.

	Each	Three
Flowering size	\$1.00	\$2.80
4-6 in. cir.	1.25	3.50
6-8 in. cir.	1.65	4.55
8 in. up	2.25	6.25

MEDEOLOIDES—This lily is known as the “Wheel Lily” in Japan, named from the whorled arrangement of its leaves, and is a lovely little rock garden lily, whose flowers range from apricot to scarlet, spotted heavily or lightly or not at all, with black spots. Height 12 to 18 in. Plant 3 to 5 in. deep in soil containing an abundance of leaf mold, and good sharp drainage.

	6	12	25	50	100
Flowering size	\$2.35	\$4.50	\$8.60	\$16.60	\$32.25

PHILADELPHICUM—This lily grows in the northeastern states and Canada. It is brilliantly colored with scarlet, center yellow, dotted maroon, cup-shaped flowers. It should be planted in a woodland, partly shady, good drainage—some protection from heavy winter rains. Flowers June-July. Plant 5 in. deep. These bulbs are grown here in Oregon nurseries.

	6	12	25	50	100
Flowering size bulbs	\$1.65	\$3.00	\$5.70	\$11.25	\$23.90

RUBELLUM—A very lovely light pink trumpet shaped lily, fragrant and very early blooming. A splendid lily for rock gardens and cool greenhouse. It prefers considerable shade. Height 12-18 in. Blooms May-June. Plant 4 to 6 in. deep.

	6	12	25	50	100
Medium bulbs	\$2.10	\$4.00	\$7.70	\$14.80	\$28.60
Large bulbs	2.75	5.35	10.45	20.05	38.00

REGALE (The Regal Lily)—If you haven't planted this lily in your garden, your garden is missing a very beautiful flower, and if you have a FEW of them in your garden, why not plant more? This is easily the most popular lily that grows. Large white bell-shaped flowers with deep golden throat and pink midribs. Blooms June-July. Height 3 to 8 ft. Plant 6 to 8 in. I have very fine firm bulbs with excellent roots.

	6	12	25	50	100
6-8 in. cir.	1.35	2.50	4.75	9.10	17.35
8-10 in. cir.	1.85	3.50	6.75	13.00	25.00
10-11 in. cir.	2.85	5.50	10.65	20.60	40.20
11-12 in. cir.	4.15	8.00	15.75	29.90	58.75

SHUKSAN—This is one of the Dr. Griffith new hybrids that has made a name for itself and is now established in our gardens. The flowers are a yellow background with maroon spots and are beautiful for cutting, growing 3 to 5 ft. high. I'm very fond of this lily. Blooms July-Aug. Plant 8 in. deep.

	Each	6	12
Medium bulbs	\$1.25	\$6.45	\$12.50
Excellent bulbs	1.50	7.75	15.00

THE SPECIOSUM GROUP—I am offering you four varieties of Speciosum this year, to give you September blooming, and I wish my customers would plant all four varieties along with Henryi (which I call the Golden Speciosum) in the background, as a group planting. The name in latin means "good looking, showy, splendid, brilliant." I'm sure you'd love them. The bulbs I will ship you are all Oregon grown and are nice firm bulbs with roots. They grow 3 to 5 ft. Bloom September. Plant 6-10 in. deep in rich garden soil with deep leaf-mold, well drained. (See back cover).

Album—This is the pure white form of Speciosum, fragrant and very dainty. I consider it one of the most beautiful white lilies we have.

	6	12	25	50	100
6-7 in. cir.	\$2.15	\$4.20	\$8.10	\$15.50	\$30.00
7-8 in. cir.	2.85	5.50	10.65	20.60	40.20
8-9 in. cir.	3.90	7.50	14.50	28.00	53.00

Rubrum—This is the best known form of this lily—white background, numerous pink dots and shading of pink to carmine. Partial shade enhances the tone of the flowers.

	6	12	25	50	100
7-8 in. cir.	\$1.85	\$3.50	\$6.75	\$13.00	\$25.00
8-9 in. cir.	2.35	4.50	8.60	16.60	32.25
9-10 in. cir.	2.85	5.50	10.65	20.60	40.20

Roseum—This form is lighter in color than Rubrum, more white, fainter dots, and blooms a little earlier. Same culture as the others.

	6	12	25	50	100
7-8 in. cir.	\$2.50	\$4.85	\$9.35	\$18.40	\$35.95
8-9 in. cir.	3.25	6.25	12.00	23.35	46.00

Melpomene (Dutch Form)—There has been some dispute as to whether the original hybrid Melpomene still exists, but this form so closely resembles it, and is so lovely, nurserymen are offering it under that name. It is one of the prettiest of the Speciosum varieties, each petal covered completely with dark crimson red, except a clear white margin.

	6	12	25	50	100
7-8 in. cir.	\$2.85	\$5.50	\$10.65	\$20.60	\$40.20
8-9 in. cir.	3.50	6.75	13.20	26.00	51.00

SULPHUREUM—You really should have it in your garden. It has large sulphur-yellow blossoms, blooms late in the season when we need a trumpet lily, and is daintily fragrant. In severe climates, Sulphureum should be protected with a heavy mulch. It grows 4 to 5 ft. Blooms Aug.-Sept. Plant 8 to 10 in. deep. I can give you good fresh Oregon grown bulbs. Supply very limited—orders taken subject to stock.

	Each	6	12
6-7 in. cir.	\$1.25	\$6.75	\$12.50
7-8 in. cir.	1.50	8.25	15.00
8-9 in. cir.	1.75	9.10	17.50

SUPERBUM—This is an Eastern American lily, but we have grown them in our fields under good cultivation, so can offer you nice bulbs. This is a tall vigorous plant with many recurving yellow blooms spotted maroon, orange and crimson. Grows 4 to 5 ft. Blooms July-August. Plant 4 in. deep, partial shade. It is a true swamp lily, growing on moist slopes, in acid meadows and marshes. In your garden give it a moist lime-free soil, partial shade and good drainage.

	6	12	25	50	100
Medium (2nd size bulbs)	\$1.50	\$2.85	\$5.40	\$10.40	\$20.00
Large (1st size bulbs)	2.25	4.35	8.45	16.20	31.00

SUNSET (Pardalinum Giganteum)—This is a magnificent red lily. It is worth the growing for the foliage alone, and could be called a “Glorified Pardalinum” as well as a “Giant Pardalinum”. Wherever a Pardalinum can be grown this variety makes itself at home, thriving in sun or partial shade. It needs good drainage, likes plenty of water during the blooming period, and as a background for other lilies, it has no superior. The clear scarlet of this lily blends well with the softer tones of the yellow in its throat. Some two or three years ago, a friend called to see my lilies, and complained because the flowers of Sunset were “nodding”. “Well,” her companion replied, “if they didn’t, you couldn’t see their faces.” Grows 5-8 ft. high. (Illustrated page 8).

	Each	6	12	25	50	100
1 Crown	\$.50	\$2.60	\$5.00	\$9.85	\$19.50	\$37.95
2 Crown .....	.75	3.90	7.50	14.50	28.00	54.90
3 Crown (limited supply)	1.00	5.50	10.00	19.00	36.90	72.30

TENUIFOLIUM—“Gayest of little lilies.” Bright cheery red blossoms, bringing into our gardens joy and gladness in May or early June. I am offering this again this year at a price to enable you to grow them in quantities. Height 1 to 2 ft. Plant 3 to 4 in. deep. We grow excellent bulbs—the large bulbs are the same age of the smaller bulbs—simply are larger and sturdier. (Illustrated page 4).

	6	12	25	50	100
Medium size	\$1.00	\$1.85	\$3.45	\$ 6.50	\$12.10
Large bulbs	1.35	2.50	4.80	9.35	18.00

TENUIFOLIUM GOLDEN GLEAM—This lily resembles the Tenuifolium in everything except the color of its blossoms, and the blossom is just what the name implies, a GLEAM OF GOLD. Same height, same blossoming date, same planting depth. A mixture of the two colors would make a bright spot in your garden. I can offer these to you in lots of 100 this year.

	6	12	25	50	100
Medium size	\$1.35	\$2.50	\$4.80	\$ 9.35	\$18.00
Large bulbs	1.65	3.00	5.70	10.90	21.20

TESTACEUM (Nankeen)—This is an outstanding lily of soft apricot or yellow buff, whose demand far exceeds the supply. In some localities it demands extra care to grow it, but where one is successful, undisturbed clumps will give you a good bloom for years. It is the only lily of its color and truly worth the price. This lily puts forth a fall growth (under the ground) and should not be planted late. We ship in late August, and they should be planted at once, so please place your orders EARLY. Height 2 to 5 ft. Blooms June-July. Don't plant too deep—3 to 4 inches from base to top of soil. Very limited supply. Orders taken subject to crop. This lily is growing very scarce.

	Each	6
6-7 in. cir.	\$1.50	\$ 8.75
7-8 in. cir.	2.00	11.00
8-9 in. cir.	2.50	13.75

TIGRINUM flore pleno—This is the only double lily I have. The word “lily” seems to associate itself in our minds with a single blossom, and we sometimes resent the thought of a double lily, but I think you will find this double lily an addition to your garden, not only because it is an attractive lily in itself, but it will prolong the “reign of the Tigers” after most of the other lilies are gone. It grows 3 to 5 ft. Blooms Aug.-Sept. Flore pleno does not make as large a bulb as Splendens, so plant 5 to 6 inches deep.

	6	12	25	50	100
4-5 in. cir.	\$1.00	\$1.85	\$3.50	\$ 6.75	\$13.00
5-6 in. cir.	1.35	2.50	4.80	9.35	18.00
6-7 in. cir.	1.85	3.50	6.75	13.00	25.00

THE UMBELLATUM GROUP—This group of lilies is extremely showy and has a wide range of color. In 1931 the Royal Horticultural Society conferred the Award of Merit on this group. They are not only vigorous, hardy and long lived, but are quite decorative and can be used at the front of mixed or shrub borders, or as a specimen where a good showy lily is needed. They do well in good garden soil, but better with leaf mold and very well decayed manure down where the roots can get it, if the drainage is good—in a sunny location. The flower which is upright umbel shaped in the varieties which I'm offering you will range from early June to late July. Eventually these bulbs will send forth many stalks, and grow from 18 to 30 inches high. Plant them 4 to 6 inches deep. (See front cover).

Darkest of All—A tall, very deep red form which is vigorous and free flowering. A very striking colored Umbellatum.

	Each	6	12
Flowering size	\$.90	\$4.85	\$9.00

Erectum—A very fine form producing large heads of bright red flowers, shaded orange.

	6	12	25	50	100
6-7 in. cir.	\$1.25	\$2.35	\$4.50	\$ 8.50	\$16.15
7-8 in. cir.	1.50	2.85	5.40	10.40	20.00
8-9 in. cir.	1.75	3.35	6.45	12.50	24.20

Golden Fleece—Rich golden-yellow, petals tipped with scarlet. One of the lower growing varieties. Very pretty indeed.

	Each	6	12
Flowering size	\$1.10	\$6.35	\$11.00

Orange Brilliant—Orange shaded to crimson, faintly spotted—extremely large flowers, very robust grower.

	Each	6	12	25
Flowering size	\$.75	\$3.90	\$7.50	\$14.50

Sappho—Flowers bright orange flushed red.

	6	12	25	50	100
6-8 in. cir.	\$1.75	\$3.35	\$6.45	\$12.50	\$24.20

Vermilion Brilliant—The flowers are crimson-blood red, medium tall and quite distinct from the other varieties. One of the showiest.

	6	12	25	50	100
6-8 in. cir.	\$1.75	\$3.35	\$6.45	\$12.50	\$24.20

TIGRINUM Splendens—This variety of lily has been raised by the Chinese and Japanese as an article of food for over a thousand years. Doesn't that make you almost shudder when you think of the place it occupies in our gardens during August? It is a wonderful specimen lily, blooming at a time when we need its bright salmon-red and orange to tone up and cheer up the garden in late August, after the other lilies are gone and the Speciosums are not yet in bloom. If you can place this in front of green foliage, or in some corner by itself, and leave it grow for a number of years, it will well reward you. Height 4-6 ft. Plant 7-8 in. deep, sun or partial shade, well drained soil.

	6	12	25	50	100
Medium size	\$1.00	\$1.85	\$3.50	\$ 6.75	\$13.00
7-8 in. cir.	1.35	2.50	4.80	9.35	18.00
8-9 in. cir.	1.85	3.50	6.75	13.00	25.00

WILLMOTTIAE—The many orange-yellow recurving blossoms of this lily are borne on a very graceful stem with long deep green foliage, and the little black dots scattered over its face enhance the yellow-orange coloring, so it seems to fairly **breathe** of life. You may have to stake these stems in the garden, if you prefer them to stand up stiff, but they lend themselves beautifully to bouquets. Try them with delphinium in a brass bowl. Height 2 to 4 ft. July-Aug. Plant 6 inches deep. (Illustrated page 17).

	6	12	25	50	100
5-6 in. cir.....	\$1.35	\$2.50	\$4.80	\$ 9.35	\$18.00
6-7 in. cir.....	1.80	3.25	6.25	11.95	23.00
7-8 in. cir.....	2.35	4.50	8.60	16.60	32.25
8-9 in. cir. (limited)	2.50	4.85	9.35	18.40	35.95
9-10 in. cir. (very limited)	2.75	5.35	10.45	20.05	38.00

MISCELLANEOUS NATIVES

Of California and Oregon

The response I received last year for these delightful little natives has encouraged me to try again. With few exceptions, my customers seemed to prefer mixed colors of the different varieties (Camassia an exception), so I'm offering them accordingly, this year. Whether these western natives will make themselves at home in your garden or not, I cannot say—you will just have to try them, but I hope they will, as their colorings are delightful.

CALOCHORTUS (Kal-o-kort'-us)—Five varieties in white, yellow, lilac and lavender tone. **30 bulbs, \$1.65; 60 bulbs, \$2.95.**

ERYTHRONIUM (Er-i-throh'-ni-um)—Dog's Tooth Violet. Eight varieties in colorings of white, cream, yellow, pink, light purple, rose, and lavender. **48 bulbs, \$3.25; 96 bulbs, \$6.10.**

FRITILLARIA (Frit-ill-ar'-ia)—Very fascinating—lovely in woodland or border. Five varieties of nodding bell flowers of green, brown, gold, orange scarlet, and rose. **30 bulbs, \$3.00; 60 bulbs, \$5.50.**

CAMASSIA (Ka-mass'-si-a)—Hardy without protection. Splendid for open moist woods or along streams as well as in your garden. Grows 2 to 3 feet. Plant these in abundance. The combination of the three varieties makes a very showy display. You will be delighted with them.

	12	25	50	100
Leichtlinii—White	\$.75	\$1.40	\$2.60	\$5.00
Blue .....	.85	1.50	2.80	5.60
Quamash — Royal blue .....	.60	1.00	1.90	3.50



Attention Private Greenhouses and Conservatories

"ESTATE LILY"

For some years I have wanted to offer my customers who have the facilities for forcing, a special display lily. Now comes this Oregon coast grown Longiflorum, which has been called "Estate Lily" because of its stateliness.

I, myself, saw these in bloom this spring—the plants stood (without stakes) a little higher than my shoulder—beautiful foliage and many lily blooms larger half again and more than the ordinary "Easter Lily".

I am so glad I can offer these, in limited quantity as yet, to my customers, who wish something out of the ordinary for display in their private greenhouses in the springtime, and if you had seen these as I saw them this spring, before they were sent to the "Golden Gate Fair", you would have been as delighted as I.

ESTATE LILY (Home Grown Longiflorum)

Size 9-11 inch cir.....each \$1.25 net

Size 11 inch up cir.....each \$2.00 net

(No discount.)

Use a 7-inch pot for one bulb of 9-11 in. cir. and a 10-inch pot for three of them.

Use an 8-inch pot for one bulb of 11 inches up.

Same treatment as the ordinary Longiflorum—pot about first week in November, move to greenhouse of 60 degrees at night about the first week in January, and they will bloom about the first week in April.

A GROUP OF SPECIAL LILIES

Natives of the Western Coast

I am offering again, in a group by themselves, our western native lilies. As I said last year, I have received very favorable reports from many gardens on their success with these lilies in the East, while others report difficulty with them; but all agreed that the varieties which did succeed in their particular garden, was worth the trial. Just how well they will make themselves at home in your locality and your garden, I cannot say, but this I do know, that these lilies are very sweet and worth the trying.

Give them well drained lime free soil, partial shade, and an abundance of leaf mold. Also send your orders early so they can be shipped you at the correct planting time and transplanted immediately. Delay in transplanting these bulbs even more so than some of the other lilies will cause them to mold and deteriorate. These natives are nursery grown.

BOLANDERI—Bell-shaped flowers varying from a brick red to a rich wine red. Grows 1 to 3 ft. Blooms July. Plant 5 to 6 in. deep.

	Each	6	12
4-6 in. cir.	\$.90	\$4.85	\$9.00

COLUMBIANUM Ingrami—This is a turkscap lily with reflexed petals, golden yellow flowers spotted with purple. Grows 3-4 ft. Blooms June-July. Plant 5-6 in. deep.

	Each	6	12	25	50
Flowering size	\$.40	\$2.00	\$3.65	\$7.00	\$13.55

HUMBOLDTII Magnificum—Whether you are fond of red or white or yellow, I'm sure you'd love this lily in your garden. When established, the stem bears many flowers of a rich golden orange, with maroon dots, each dot surrounded by a crimson circle. It loves moist land on the fringe of woodlands, amongst low shrubs, with the sun peeping through. The foliage itself is very attractive. Height 4-6 ft. Blooms July. Plant 8-10 in. deep. The supply of this lily is becoming limited.

	Each	6	12
Medium size	\$1.25	\$6.75	\$12.50
Large size	1.75	9.10	17.50

KELLOGGII—A pinkish purple with maroon spots and a yellow stripe through the center of each petal. Petals very much reflexed. Very fragrant. Plant in partial shade in a loose woodland soil, 5-6 in. deep. Height 2-3 ft. June-July blooming.

	Each	6	12
3-5 in. cir.	\$1.15	\$6.20	\$11.50
5 in. up	1.65	9.15	16.50

MARITIMUM—This lily is rather difficult in cultivation, being a native of peaty meadows, it prefers moist peaty soil, in partial shade. It has grown well in rock gardens, however. The flowers are reddish-orange, spotted with purple—drooping, bell-shaped petals much reflexed. Slender growth. Ht. 3 ft. Blooms July. Plant 4 in. deep.

	Each	6	12	25
Flowering bulbs	\$1.00	\$5.50	\$10.00	\$19.00

OCCIDENTALE—This lily is not difficult to establish under garden conditions. The flowers are bell-shaped, orange-red with a maroon spotted throat. Plant in lime free soil with peat or leaf mold. Height 2-4 ft. Blooms July. Plant 4-5 in. deep.

	Each	6	12	25
Flowering size bulbs	\$.75	\$3.90	\$7.50	\$14.50

In order that you may make a trial of these Western Natives in your garden, I will give you

One each of the 9 varieties for \$6.65 (value \$7.35).

L. WILLMOTTIAE
(See page 14)



PARRYI—This is a beautiful lily, easily cultivated but not very strong. If you can have success with it, you will love it dearly. The flowers are funnel shaped with the petal tips gracefully recurving. The color is lemon-yellow, lightly dotted brown, with a pleasing fragrance. It requires sharp drainage, well watered, partial shade, lime free soil. Height 3 to 5 ft. Blooms July. Plant 6-8 in. deep.

	Each	6	12	25
3-4 in. cir.	\$.85	\$4.50	\$8.50	\$16.65
4-5 in. cir.	1.15	6.20	11.50	22.00
5 in. up	1.65	9.15	16.50	31.50

PARVUM—This is a dainty little bell shaped lily—orange-red, spotted purple toward the recurved petal tips. The flowers are small (Parvum) but the plant grows 4 to 5 feet. It does well in a deep, moist, sandy loam. Plant 3-4 inches deep, in partial shade. Grows 3 to 4 feet. Flowers June-July.

	Each	6	12
Flowering size	\$.90	\$4.85	\$9.00

ROEZLII—This is another turkscap lily with golden-yellow flowers shading to orange-red at the tips. As with all the other western natives, give them lime free soil, good drainage, partial shade and moisture during the growing season. Height 3-5 ft. Blooms July. Plant 4-6 in. deep.

	Each	6	12	25
Medium bulbs	\$.50	\$2.60	\$5.00	\$ 9.85
Large bulbs .....	.75	3.90	7.50	14.50

WASHINGTONIANUM (Mt. Hood)—This is Oregon’s beloved lily—dainty, fragrant, white bell-shaped blossoms that change to wine color with age. It may take two years before it makes itself at home in your garden, but it is so dainty and sweet, I’m sure you will agree with those who so patiently waited, and say, “It’s worth it.” Plant 8 to 10 in. deep in partial shade, with good drainage.

	Each	6	12	25	50
6-8 in. cir.	\$.50	\$2.60	\$5.00	\$9.85	\$19.50
8-10 in. cir. ....	.75	3.90	7.50	14.50	28.00



*Three views
of my lily fields
in which
your bulbs are
growing
under ideal
conditions,
with
experienced
care.*



Achievement with Lilies

(Written Exclusively for my Catalogue)

— by —

ROMAINE B. WARE

Lilies, not every kind, but many very lovely ones, may easily be the high spots of your garden parade. With careful selection of varieties, there can be a constant succession of their stately elegance. Lilies lend charm and distinction to the garden from the early blooming of the gay cherry-red *Tenuifolium* to the last splash of color from *L. Speciosum*. Where early frosts do not prevail, the late blooming form of the gloriously satisfactory *Formosanum* will flaunt its lovely white trumpets even later still. During the summer months a constant succession of Lilies may be enjoyed, with the famous *Regal* probably most popular and easily the most satisfactory.

Success with these garden aristocrats as with many other worthwhile flowers asks but that their few modest requirements be not overlooked. And one of their principal demands is good drainage; not difficult to provide, but all too frequently neglected. Most of them thrive in average garden soil, and they relish a reasonable portion of compost, sand and leafmold.

Lilies, the majority of them, like to thrust their waxy blooms up into the sunshine but prefer the base of their stems shaded. Maybe they're a bit snobbish about their associates for they do not seem to enjoy proximity to perennials such as hardy Phlox, Peonies, *Hemerocallis*, Hollyhocks, *Helenium* and others of a vigorous nature. Aristocratic Lilies do not seem to look well in the plebian crowds, rather group them, three, five or a dozen of a kind, against a dark backdrop and clothe the ground around them with drifts of things like *Aquilegia*, the Rues, *Thermopsis*, Iceland Poppies, *Heuchera*, Lupine, Flax, *Plumbago* or a dozen and one others which neither crowd nor smother.

In planting for picture effect with Lilies, and few plant families lend themselves more delightfully to garden pictures, plan that Lilies shall be the dominant feature and other plantings the accessories. Let Lilies play the leading role and plant them around the supporting cast. Even drifts of annuals make effective foils, especially if sown in the fall and, of course, only the low foliage kinds are suitable. Cornflowers, Lupines, *Nigelia*, Petunias, Sweet Alyssum, *Ageratum*, *Heliotrope*, *Calliopsis* and scores of others are good.

A gray stone wall or even rosy brick makes a good background. And the black-green of that best-of-all evergreen, the Yew, makes a stunning curtain against which these garden princesses may sway and pose. If you have a gray stone wall in your garden, try clumps of yellow-flowered *L. Hansonii* together with white *L. Martagon* and mass the base with feathery Meadow-Rue among which is planted purple Violas and blue Forget-me-nots. If back of the wall dark masses of Yew or Pine rear spire-like, the picture will be complete. In the garden of one worshiper at the shrine of Lilies, an especially effective planting was made of bright orange *Croceum* Lilies arising from purple Petunias. Simple! But how delightful! And there are scores of other charming combinations as easy to achieve.

The common but mistaken belief that all Lilies are hard to grow is gradually disappearing as more and more garden lovers prove to themselves the contrary. Lilies, the royalty of the plant world, can dwell in YOUR garden, if only you study their demands. Whether or not the Lily ever rivals the Rose in popularity, one thing is true, many of the Lilies do not ask the pampering fair Rosa demands. They don't want coddling but, like most beauties, thrive on love and attention. Handled with discrimination, they reward you generously.

HEMEROCALLIS

My aim with the Hemerocallis is not to give you every new variety that comes onto the market—they are too much alike—but to give you a few tried varieties that you can be proud to keep in your garden for years, varieties that will give you a succession of bloom, a few tall and dwarf varieties, and branching varieties—in colors from lemon-yellow on through the deep golden-orange and apricot colors, to terra-cotta. I have also added an evening blooming Hemerocallis, which is sweetly fragrant.

The Hemerocallis is becoming as much of an essential in our gardens as any other perennial—it isn't hard to grow, is pleasing, fragrant and harmonious in the garden—will grow on poor land, but rewards you abundantly for good soil and water—and makes itself at home in sun or shade. Leave them alone for six or eight years, spading around them to form a clump, and you will be delighted with them in your garden.

May and June Blooming

DUMORTIERII (Stout)—Inner surface almost deep yellow—dwarf, height about 1½ to 2 ft. **Each 75c, 3 for \$2.00**

APRICOT (Yeld)—Light apricot-orange—very free flowering—dwarf, height 1½ to 2 ft. **Each 50c, 3 for \$1.25**

June-July Blooming

FULVA MACULATA (Stout)—Surface is gold glistening with dragon's blood-red across the midsection; 3 to 5 ft. high. **Each \$1.25, 3 for \$3.35**

GOLDEN DREAM (Betscher)—Large, deep golden-yellow, very fine. Height 3 ft. **Each \$1.25, 3 for \$3.35**

MIKADO (Stout)—Flowers deep yellow; central zone of each petal broadly blotched mahogany red. This is a very fine variety. 2½ to 3 ft. **Each \$2.10, 3 for \$5.25**

July-August Blooming

GEORGE YELD—One of the loveliest—difficult to describe as it is a blending of buff, apricot and terra-cotta. Height 3½ ft. **Each \$1.95, 3 for \$5.00**

FULVA ROSEA, CLON ROSALIND (Stout)—The most beautiful Hemerocallis yet introduced—old rose shading to golden yellow center, on tall graceful stalks. Medium height. **Each \$10.00, 3 for \$25.00**

J. A. CRAWFORD—Large bright golden yellow flowers. Always you need a few good "standbys" in your garden—and this is one of them. **Each \$1.00, 3 for \$2.75**

D. D. WYMAN—Very large flower of golden yellow, with a tawny splash across each petal. Midsummer bloom. **Each \$1.00, 3 for \$2.00**

J. R. MANN—Distinctive flower of frosted apricot, blooming in July and August, 3½ ft. tall. **Each \$1.00, 3 for \$2.50**

August-September Blooming

MARGARET PERRY (Perry)—Bold masses of branching stems bearing a profusion of large orange flowers with throat and stripes of cadmium yellow. 4 ft. **Each 95c, 3 for \$2.15**

MRS. W. H. WYMAN (Betscher)—A lovely glistening pale lemon yellow, with delicately curved petals; 3½ to 4 ft. **Each 75c, 3 for \$2.00**

CITRINA (Stout)—Long, narrow tubular bloom, pale lemon yellow, true night blooming variety—fragrant. **Each \$1.00, 3 for \$2.50**

MRS. A. H. AUSTIN—Extra fine deep golden-orange, one of the very largest. very heavy texture. Midsummer. Lasting over a long period. **Each \$1.00, 3 for \$2.50**



LILY SEEDS

HEMEROCALLIS,
MIKADO

As I have said before, I do not sell seed from my own nursery. I disbud to give the full strength to the bulb, but when an offer was tendered me to sell seeds of some of the varieties on commission, I thought this might be a good opportunity for the many calls I have had from customers for lily seed.

These come from a very reliable nursery, and yet, just as with the lily bulbs, I cannot guarantee that YOU will have success. It takes work and much care over a period of from one to many years to grow lily bulbs from seed, according to the variety; yet it IS interesting, if one has patience.

The number of seed in each packet varies according to the variety, and all orders will have to be accepted according to the stock available this season.

Amabile	Plant—Spring
Amabile luteum	“ Spring
Auratum platyphyllum	“ Winter
Maritimum	“ Winter
Martagon	“ Winter
Martagon album	“ Winter
Canadense	“ Fall
Cernuum	“ Spring
Concolor (out-of-doors)	“ Spring
Formosanum, early type	“ Spring
Formosanum, late type (hot bed).....	“ Spring
Henryi	“ Spring
Kelloggi	“ Winter
Regale	“ Spring
Roezlii	“ Winter
Rubellum	“ Winter
Superbum	“ Fall
Tenuifolium	“ Spring
Tenuifolium Golden Gleam	“ Spring
Willmottiae	“ Spring

25 cents per packet—12 packets, \$2.50

It is best to grow these seed in a cold frame unless otherwise designated, and according to the season as mentioned. In the summer change from cold frame sash to lath covers. Sow seed 1/2 inch, and let them remain in the cold frame a year before planting them out in the open ground. Please be very careful in transplanting not to injure the roots or the base of the bulb.

Miscellaneous Bulbs and Plants

A Pleasing Addition to Your Garden

I do not grow these perennials or bulbs in my own nursery (Matilija and *Hyacinthus plumosus* an exception). The lilies occupy my full time, but during the summer when I find in some other nursery, a plant or bulb that I consider particularly nice for your garden, I ask for the privilege of selling it to my customers. This year I offer you the following:

Matilija

(Pronounce the "ja"
like "ha".)

The scientific name of this plant is *Romneya Couteri*. It grows five to eight feet high, producing a continuous growth of numerous beautiful white flowers with orange center, 5 to 6 inches across, delicate, transparent and delightfully fragrant. It blooms from August until frost and is a wonderful cut flower, keeping in excellent condition for two weeks if the water is changed daily.



This perennial plant should be cut back each fall, as the main flowering stalk for the next summer's bloom will grow from the roots. Do not cultivate close to it in the spring until the new shoots have appeared. Matilija starts its growth, putting forth these new shoots under the ground as early as January and February. They are very tender and if disturbed will destroy the plant. For this reason I ship Matilija only in the fall. It is perfectly hardy except in states north of Philadelphia, where it should be mulched.

I can give you good strong roots of this plant for **\$1.00 each, 3 plants for \$2.75.**

ACONITUM SPARKSI

This is one of the best of the monkshoods—*Aconitum napellus* var. *sparksi*. It is really a very choice plant to grow among your lilies after the delphiniums are gone. The flowers are a very dark violet and bloom over a long period, growing from 3 to 5 ft. tall. I thought it very attractive last summer. The bulbous roots should be planted with care—they are poisonous to some people.

I can give you selected roots, **40c each, 3 for \$1.00, 12 for \$4.00.**



A Few General Rules of Lily Culture

Plant lily bulbs upon arrival—they resent being moved and they deteriorate the longer they are out of the ground.

Best location, southeast exposure, in warm, sheltered, half shady place.

Protect from late frosts, extreme heat of sun, drought and wind.

Soil mellow, deep leaf mold, peat and loam, **WELL DRAINED** (soil through which water seeps without standing near the bulb).

Depth: General rule, soil above bulb about $1\frac{1}{2}$ to 2 times size of bulbs. See catalogue description each lily for depth from base of bulb to top of soil.

Best fertilizer is bonemeal, wood ashes, soot, leafmold—if you do use barnyard manure, see that it is well-spent, drainage excellent, and is not close to bulb.

Dust powdered sulphur to keep insects from attacking bulbs until bulb is established and has sufficient strength to resist such attacks.

Keep them moist during growing period.

Many of the lilies have stem roots within an inch of the surface, and spreading out from the bulb 6 to 8 inches. These roots nourish the stalk—the stalk helps nourish the bulb for the next season, so don't disturb these roots with cultivation—keep them cool and moist with mulch.

Do not allow seed pods to form—they sap the strength for next season.

Watch for gophers, field mice, and ground squirrels—they like bulbs.

If used for cutting, leave at least 6 to 8 inches of stalk as nourishment for next year's bloom.

Fall planting of bulbs is best, although a few of the varieties can be planted in the spring. If planted in the fall, they can establish themselves without being disturbed.

After once planted, leave the bulbs alone. Do not move them every year.

Do not plant home grown lily bulbs in soil where diseased bulbs of any kind have been grown.

If the soil is stiff strong clay, dig hole 24 inches square and deep. Put in 6 inches of broken gravel, crushed flower pots, etc. Then chopped sod (grass face downward). Then six inches of top soil mixed with compost, broken up well with sand, and several handfull bonemeal. Firm down well. Then top soil to depth for bulb. Then plant bulb per above. For a scaly bulb, hold scales together. Fill in with good mellow soil well wetted down. Then, **LEAVE THEM ALONE.**

In dry soils, sink drain pipes vertically into the ground among the bulbs to depth where water can come into immediate contact with the roots at the base of the bulb.

JULIA E. CLARK,
Canby, Oregon.

GALTONIA CANDICANS (Summer Hyacinth)

Here is another bulbous flower for your July-August garden, among your lilies. The tall stem carries many pure white, bell-shaped flowers, and is very pleasing against a background of dark green foliage. Grows from 2 to 5 ft. Plant 6 in. deep, in sun or partial shade, and a rich, moist soil.

	6	12	25	100
3/4 to 1 in. cir. (medium)	\$.75	\$1.35	\$2.50	\$ 9.00
1 in. up (large) . . . . .	.85	1.50	2.90	11.00

HYACINTHUS PLUMOSUS (Plumed Hyacinth)

I do not find these bulbs listed in many catalogues, and I have not been able to offer them for two or three years as my stock became depleted, but this morning I found 4 to 6 blooms on some of the bulbs, and although the stock is still limited, I couldn't resist the temptation of offering them to you. There are three or four very attractive ways of using these.

- 1. Plant them in small pots, one bulb to a pot. Plunge into a cold frame or outside soil (mulching same as other hyacinths if necessary). In the spring fill your window box with as many pots as it will hold, covering the rim of the pots with soil, and they will make an unusual and attractive display. When through blooming, remove the pots to some location where the bulb can go dormant and make a growth, as it starts its growth in the fall. Repeat the process next year, and they will give you many years' bloom, if not forced.
 - 2. Plant them so you can have a succession of blue in the border after the Muscari has gone by.
 - 3. Group them in some spot where you want something particularly showy and different.
 - 4. Use them at the foot of your rock garden.
- 6 bulbs, \$1.25; 12 bulbs, \$2.35; 25 bulbs, \$4.50.

TIGRIDIAS


I wonder if any of my customers would like some Tigridias to brighten their garden during July, August and September. These are very cheerful flowers and a number of attractive arrangements can be made with them, providing they are given sun; and they have bloomed in my garden even with a little shade. Plant them in pots for porch boxes. They are not hard to grow if given a soil not too heavy and plenty of water during the blooming season. Plant 4 inches deep. I love to watch them in my border. Day after day they fade away and come anew. Some years ago one of my customers wrote me that she took Tigridia blossoms from the sunny outdoors into the house, and made a most beautiful flower arrangement, then called her family to see them. But when the family came, "The horrid things," she said, "had closed their eyes and gone to sleep." So don't try Tigridia as a cool shaded house bouquet! Its place is out in the sun.

In the fall, dig and care for the bulbs the same as gladiolus. If you prefer, you can place your order and I will send them to you in the spring. Kindly give date you wish them.

- I will give you large bulbs (1 inch and up) in the following colors:
- White, cream, rose, dark red Dozen, \$2.00
 - Red, yellow Dozen, 1.25
 - TWO EACH of all six varieties, mixed 1.50



One of the *Speciosum Group* (see page 11)
whose lingering fragrance tells us
that lazy summer days are almost over


JULIA E. CLARK
LILIES
CANBY ORE.
U.S.A.